

Online

How do I find cool science?

How do I find cool science?

IRMA

Research Learning Centers - Research Briefs

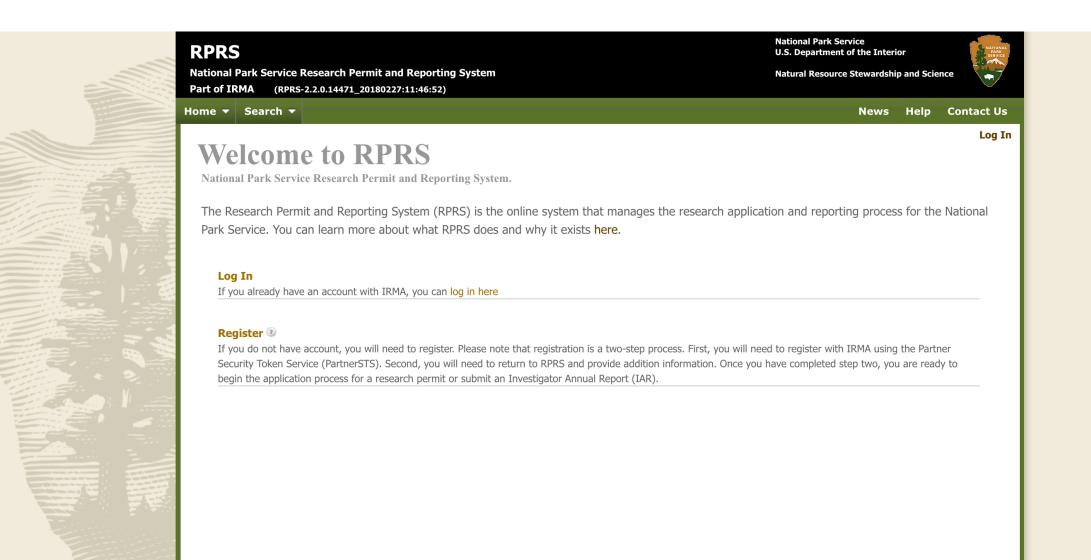
Google Scholar

Contact the researcher

Other?



IRMA (https://irma.nps.gov/Portal/)



Integrated Resource Management Applications

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

Natural Resource Stewardship and Science



All Applications

Featured Resources

About Contact Us

Welcome to IRMA

The Integrated Resource Management Applications (IRMA) Portal provides easy access to National Park Service applications that manage and deliver resource information to parks, partners and the public.

Search Data Store

Reports

IRMA Applications

Data and Documents

Data Store

Find and download documents and datasets about natural and cultural resources in the parks

AQWebPortal (Aquarius Web Data Portal)

Search and view continuous water quality and quantity data from NPS monitoring locations

TATS (Park Visitor Use Statistics)

Retrieve comprehensive graphs, reports, and statistics on historic, current, or forecasted park visitor use

PEPC (Planning, Environment & Public Comment)

Website that provides for public involvement in the NPS planning process, with links to planning and environmental documents used to guide park management. For internal NPS login page for PEPC, select More Applications.

Research in the Parks

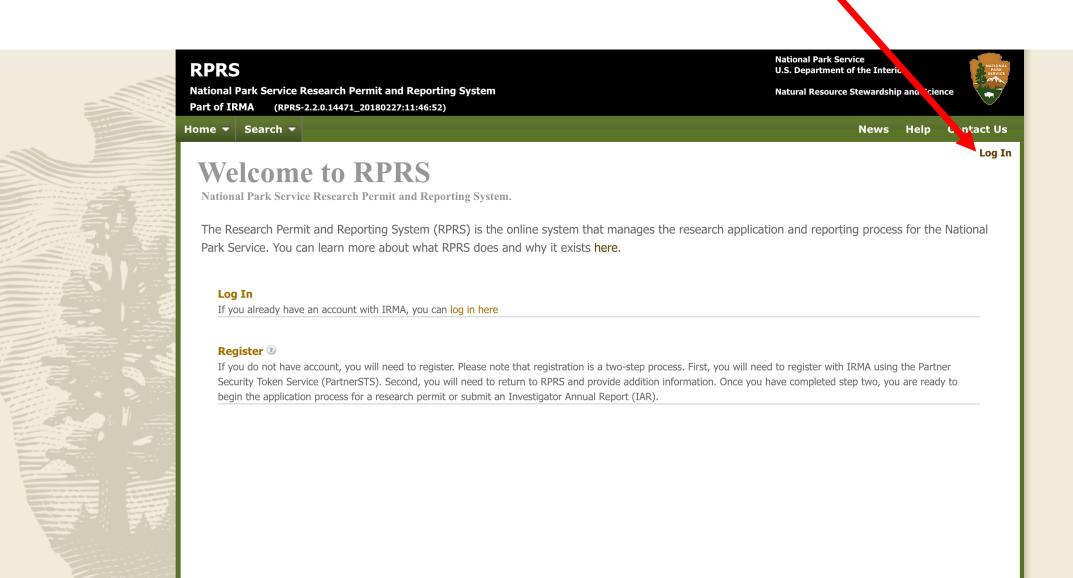
RPRS (Research Permit and Reporting System)

Apply for a permit to conduct scientific research in a park and report on findings

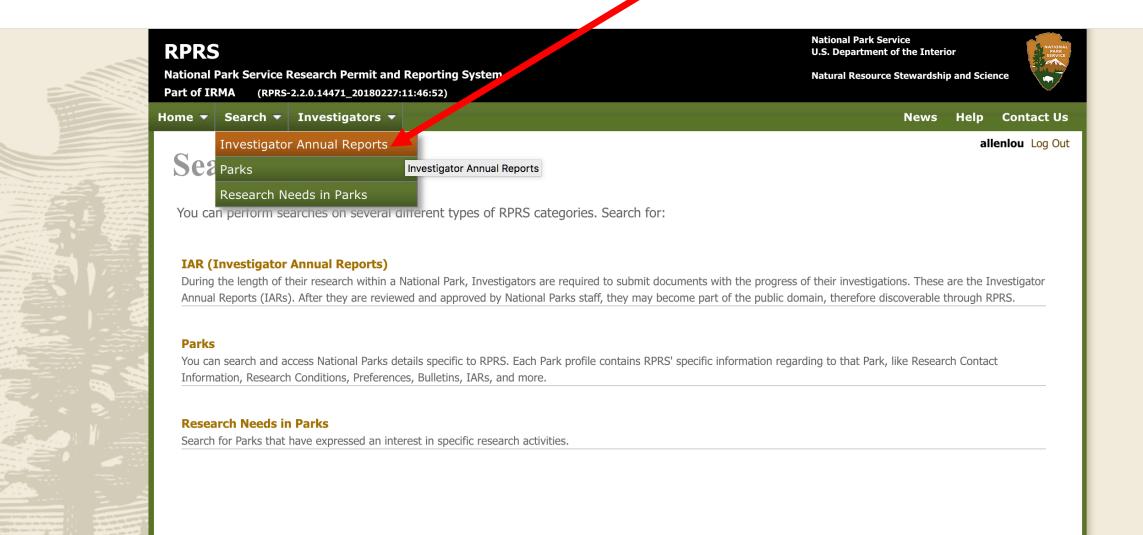
ETV (Enjoy The View)

Enter and find Visual Resource Inventory (VRI) records of scenic values and importance to NPS visitor experience and interpretive goals.

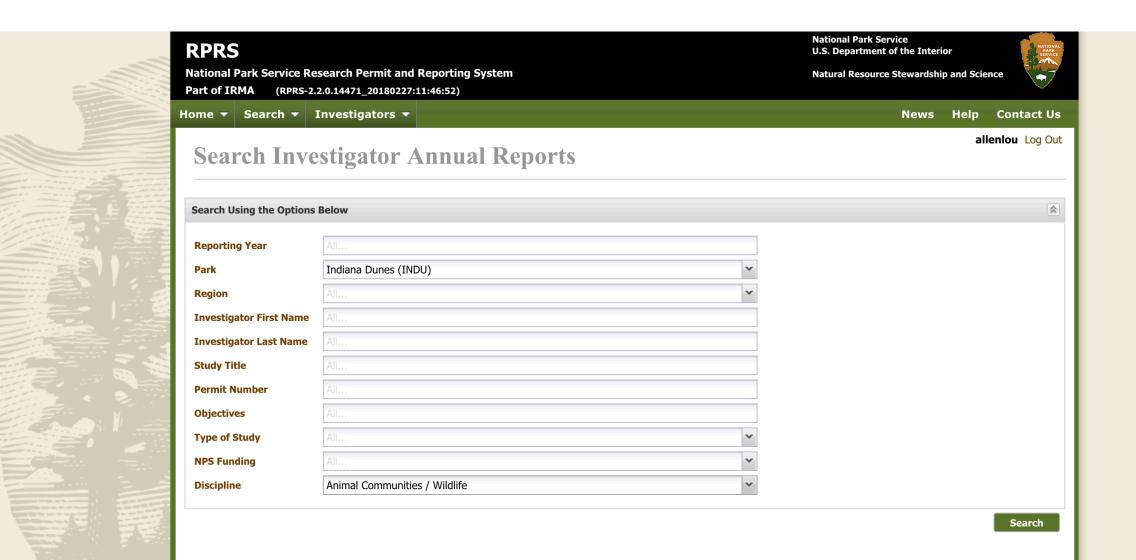
Login



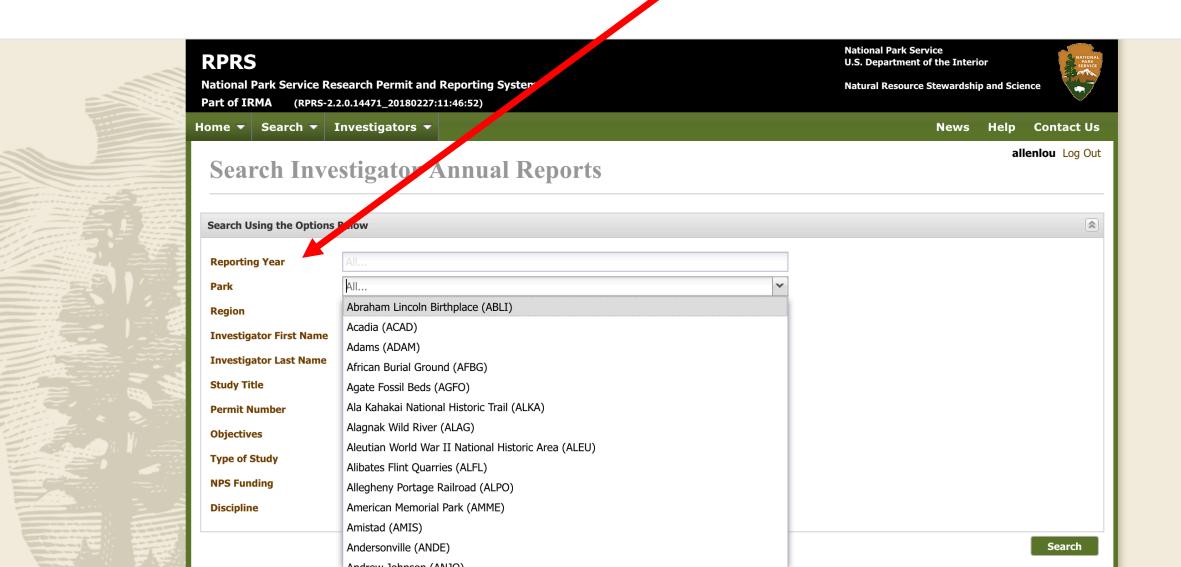
Annual Reports



There are a number of search areas to fill



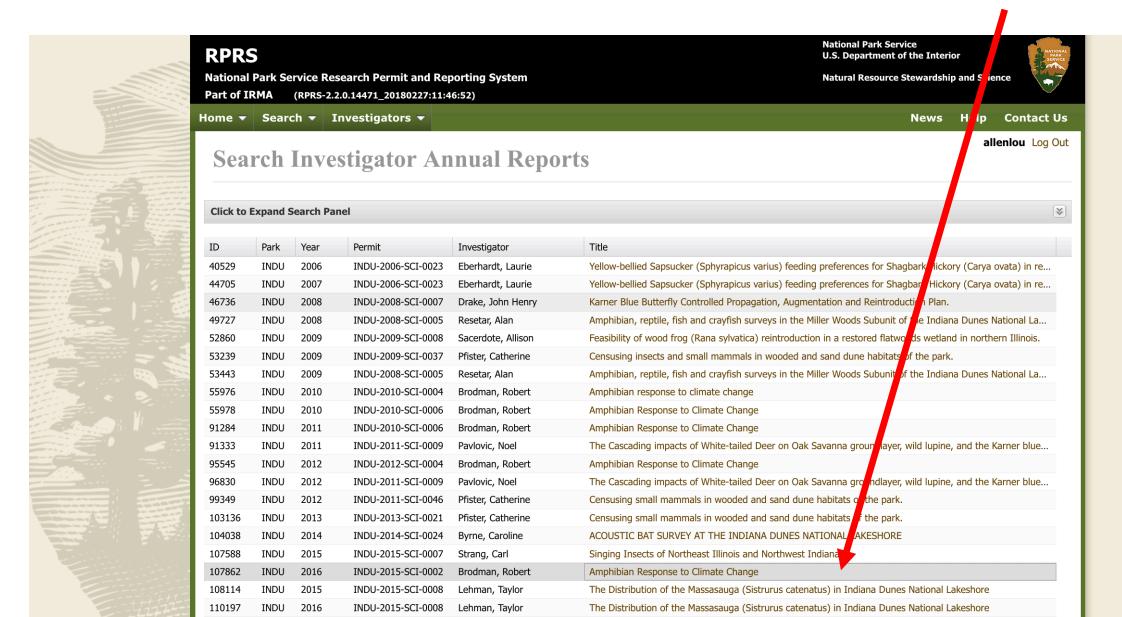
Search Parameters



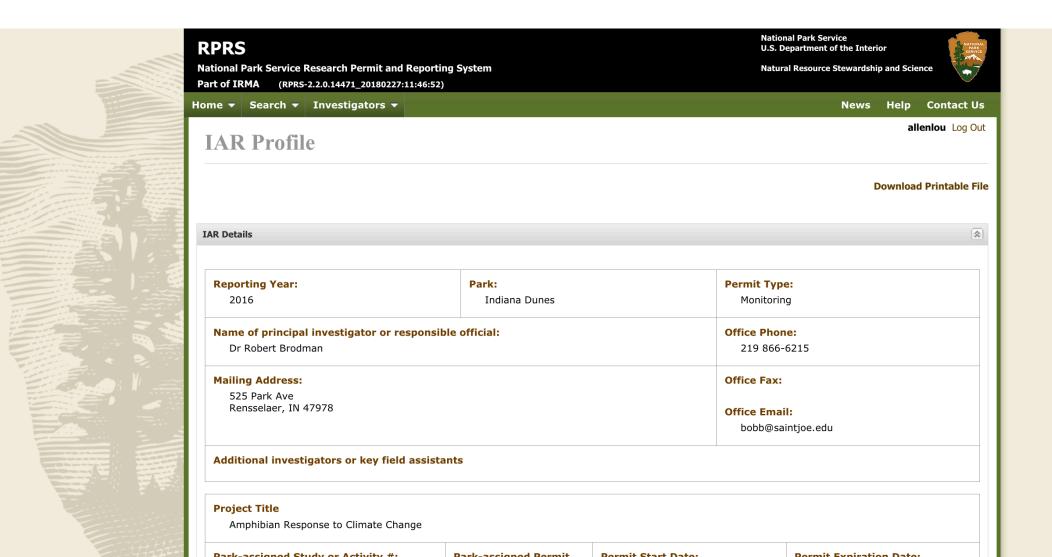
I've selected Wildlife at INDU



Sounds interesting



There is an attachment at the bottom!



If there is an attachment, look at it! Read it.. Find out more.

Brodman et al. – Amphibians and Habitat Restoration

4

INFLUENCE OF HABITAT RESTORATION ON AMPHIBIANS AT COWLES BOG, INDIANA DUNES NATIONAL LAKESHORE

Robert Brodman, Jacob Villalpando, and Jesscia Nagel

Biology Dept, Saint Joseph's College, Rensselaer, IN

Abstract.—The purpose of this research is to assess and interpret the direct impacts of habitat restoration at Cowles Bog on amphibian diversity, abundance, and reproductive success. The date presented here is baseline data from the restoration site and a reference site that will be compared to data collect post-restoration.

Key Words.—Amphibians, habitat restoration, Cowles Bog IDNLS

INTRODUCTION

Removal of invasive plants and canopy cover, and the reintroduction of fire are important manipulations used to restore wet prairie habitat. Amphibians are bioindicators of wet prairie and marsh habitat quality. Reseeding wet prairies can be beneficial to amphibians (Brodman et al. 2006; Lannoo et al., 2009; Balas et al., 2012). However removal of canopy even if coarse debris is left in place has had mixed results with trade-offs between benefits and harm to amphibians (Patrick et al., 2006; Owens et al., 2008; Rittenhouse et al., 2008; Semlitsch et al., 2009; Todd et al., 2009; Wagner et al., 2009; Popescu et al., 2012). To assess the responses of amphibians to habitat restoration from a wood lot with invasive species to native wet prairie, we collected baseline data in 2014 that will be compared to post-management data that we collected in 2015.

METHODOLOGY

The restoration site includes sampling plots within wetlands and surrounding upland on the south side of Cowles Bog that have been actively managed for habitat restoration. The reference site includes sampling plots within wetlands and surrounding upland forest on the north side of Cowles Bog that has not been recently managed (Fig. 1). Amphibians have been surveyed in the reference site annually since 2009.

Forest surveys primarily included time-constrained cover object surveys for terrestrial salamander adults and juveniles. Amphibian breeding activity was assessed by frog call surveys, and aquatic surveys of amphibian eggs and larvae in wetlands. A songmeter was set at Cowles Bog on March 14, 2014 and March 13, 2015 to record frog calls every night until the two 16GB sound cards filled in June. Wetlands were sampled by time-constrained visual searches for egg masses, and larvae were sampled by minnow

Brodman et al. – Amphibians and Habitat Restoration

Together, these data from 2014 represent base-lines of the amphibian community and the data from 2015 is used to assess community responses post-habitat restoration.



FIGURE 1. Map of study area within Cowles Bog. The reference area is indicated in blue and the restoration site is indicated in red.

RESULTS

How do I find cool science?

IRMA

Research Learning Centers - Research Briefs

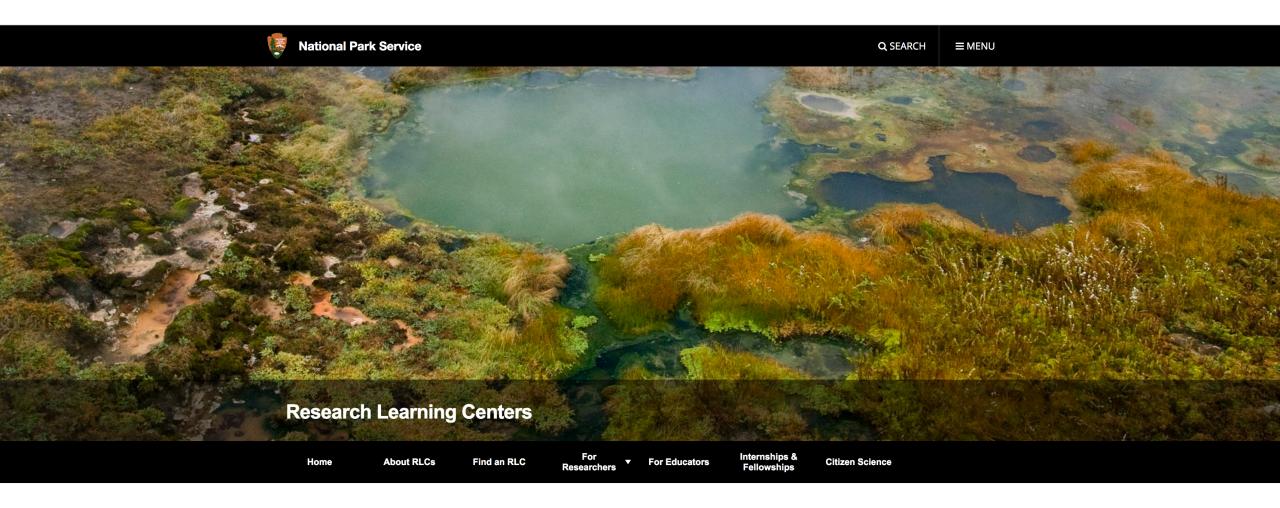
Google Scholar

Contact the researcher

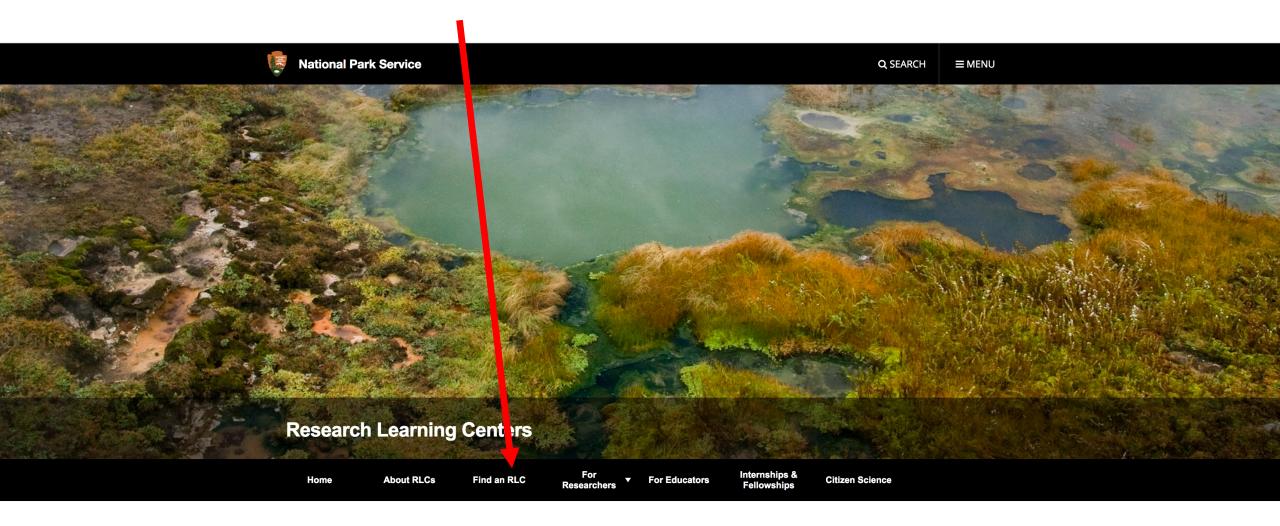
Other?



Research Learning Centers (www.nps.gov/rlc/index.htm)



Find an RLC



Research Learning Centers

Home

About RLCs

Find an RLC

For Researchers

For Educate

Internships &

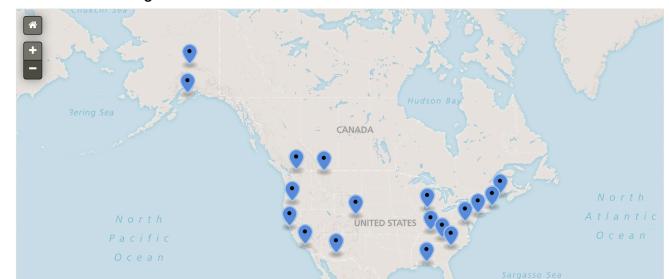
Citizen Science

NPS.gov / Home / Find an RLC

Find an RLC

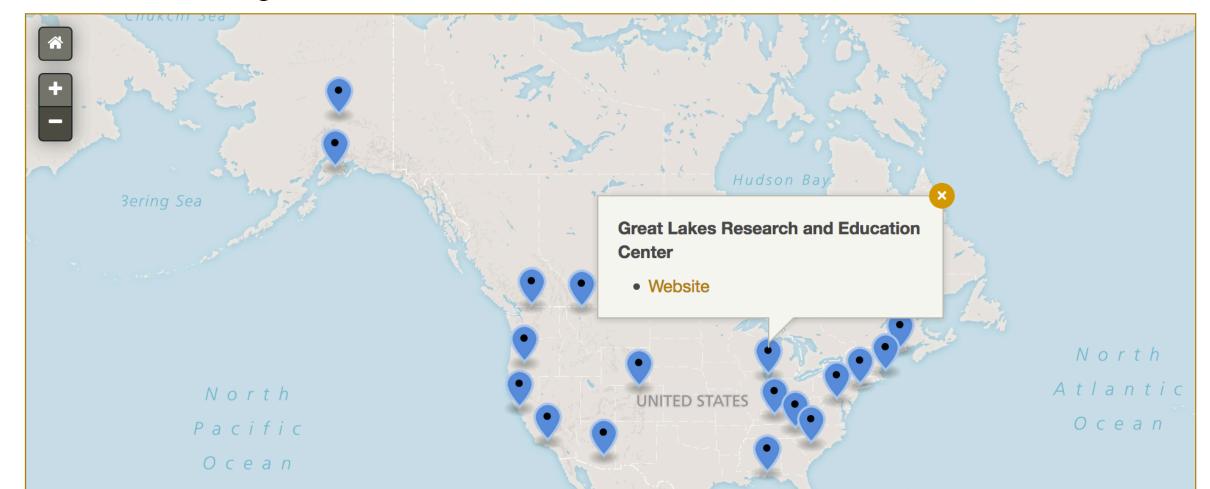
Use the map below to find a Research Learning Center and learn more about it.

Research Learning Centers

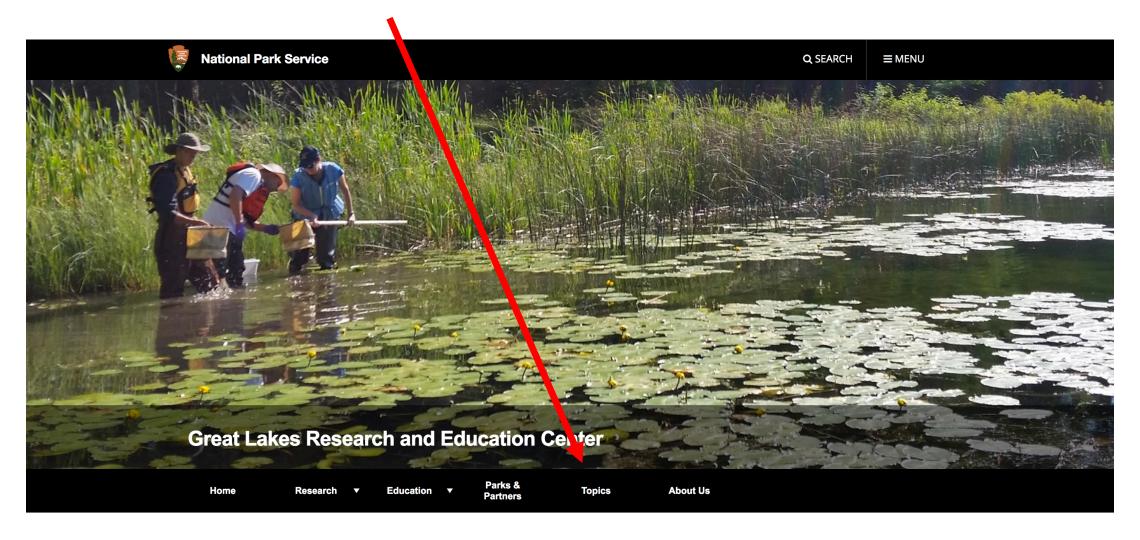


Find the one closest to you or within a similar biome

Research Learning Centers

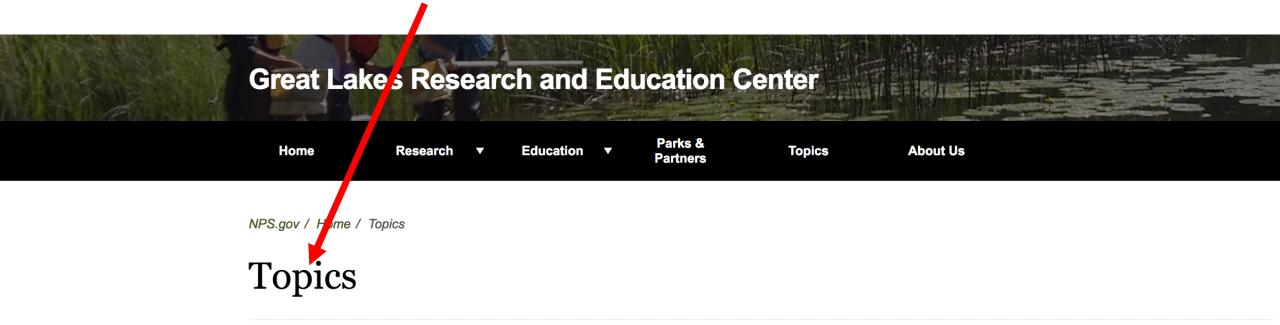


Search topics



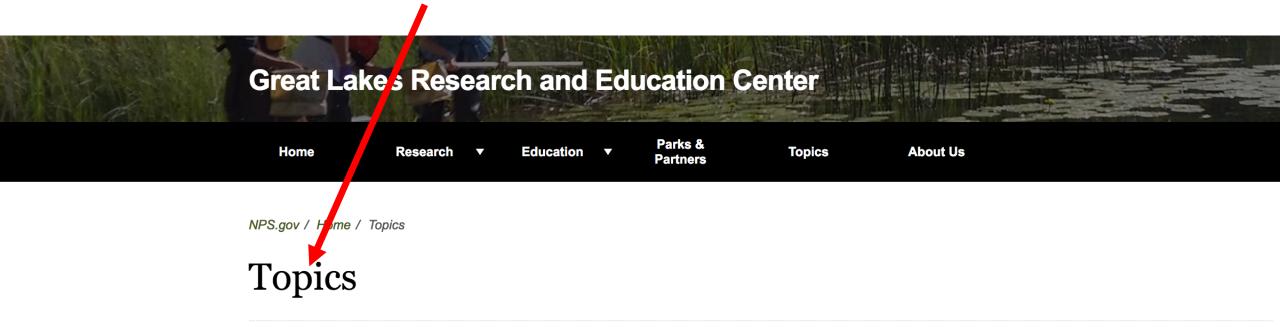
Our Mission

Select a topic



- Amphibian Investigations >
- Aquatic Investigations >
- Collections >
- Invasive Species Investigations >

Select a topic



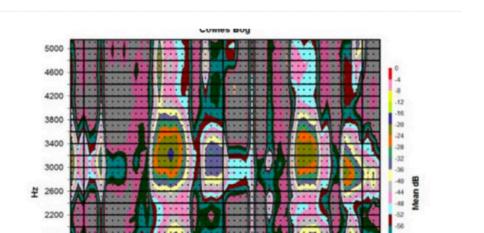
- Amphibian Investigations >
- Aquatic Investigations >
- Collections >
- Invasive Species Investigations >

Read it.. Find out more.



How is Climate Impacting Amphibians at Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore?

Dr. Bob Brodman, professor of biology at Buena Vista
University in lowa, is conducting research on amphibians
at Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore. While Dr. Bob often
counts the actual amphibians he finds in the field, he can
also determine the presence of certain species by listening
to the sounds they make. He and his research team can't
be in the field every day to hear those sounds, so he uses
recordings from sound meters placed strategically in the



How do I find cool science?

IRMA

Research Learning Centers - Research Briefs

Google Scholar

Contact the researcher

Other?



Google Scholar (scholar.google.com/)

Google Scholar

amphibians indiana dunes

Articles Case law

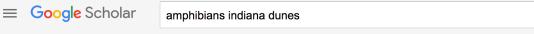
Recommended articles

2 Trust ecology and collaborative natural resource management

Transformative tourism organizations and glocalization

I Soulard NG McGebee M Stern - Annals of Tourism Research 2019

MJ Stern, KJ Coleman - A New Era for Collaborative Forest Management ..., 2019







Any time

Since 2019

Since 2018

Since 2015

Custom range..

Sort by relevance

Sort by date

✓ include patents✓ include citations

[PDF] Recent records and status of amphibians and reptiles in Indiana

SA Minton, JC List, MJ Lodato - Proceedings of the Indiana ..., 1982 - journals.iupui.edu

... In many ways, **amphibians** and reptiles are sensitive indicators of suchenvironmental change ... of leopard frog systematics is particularly needed in southeastern and west central **Indiana**. Leopard frogs are among the formerly plentiful **amphibian** species that have decreased ...

POPULATION STRUCTURE AND ECOLOGY OF THE FOWLER'S TOAD, BUFO WOODHOUSEI FOWLERI, IN THE **INDIANA DUNES** NATIONAL LAKESHORE.

FJ BREDEN - 1983 - elibrary.ru

... ECOLOGY OF THE FOWLER'S TOAD, BUFO WOODHOUSEI FOWLERI, IN THE **INDIANA DUNES** NATIONAL LAKESHORE ... These parameters predict the genetic structure of local **amphibian** populations ... **Amphibians** present several advantages for a study of population structure ...

☆ 55 Cited by 6 Related articles

Miscellaneous notes on Indiana amphibians and reptiles

MB Mittleman - The American Midland Naturalist, 1947 - JSTOR

... aggregation were in full voice, and it was an impressive rendition of the **amphibian** Liebesspiel ... 1947] MITTLEMAN: **INDIANA AMPHIBIANS** AND REPTILES 477 RANA SYLVATICA CANTABRIGENSIS Baird A single wood frog collected on June 18, in **Indiana Dunes** State Park ...

☆ 切り Cited by 11 Related articles

Modification of an index of biotic integrity for assessing vernal ponds and small palustrine wetlands using fish, crayfish, and **amphibian** assemblages along southern ...

TP Simon, R Jankowski, C Morris - Aquatic Ecosystem Health & ..., 2000 - Taylor & Francis

... For example, larval stages of **amphibians** typically require specific water depths in order ... **Amphibian** assemblages are fairly diverse in Northwest **Indiana** and their relative abundance declines ... wetlands that remain are protected as a part of the **Indiana Dunes** National Lakeshore ...

☆ ワワ Cited by 32 Related articles All 12 versions

[PDF] Amphibians and reptiles

KS Mierzwa, SA Cortwright... - Status, Trends, and ..., 1997 - origin.wcsu.csu.edu

... **Amphibian** and reptile populations inhabiting areas south of the Toleston beach must have colonized ... Some parcels of lesser quality also support **amphibians** or reptiles tolerant of habitat ... the north and south by Miller Woods, which are a part of **Indiana Dunes** National Lakeshore ...

☆ ワワ Cited by 5 Related articles All 6 versions ≫

Salamanders of the Ambystoma jeffersonianum complex in Indiana

C Grant - Proceedings of the Indiana Academy of Science, 1935 - journals jupui edu

SA Minton - Herpetologica, 1954 - JSTOR

... The majority of specimens examined have come from the **Indiana Dunes** and from swampy oak openings in northeastern Jasper County ... Notes on the **amphibians** of Venango County, Pennsylvania. Amer ... **INDIANA** UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER, INDIANAPOLIS, **INDIANA** ...

☆ ワワ Cited by 29 Related articles

[PDF] iupui.edu

IPDF1 istor.org

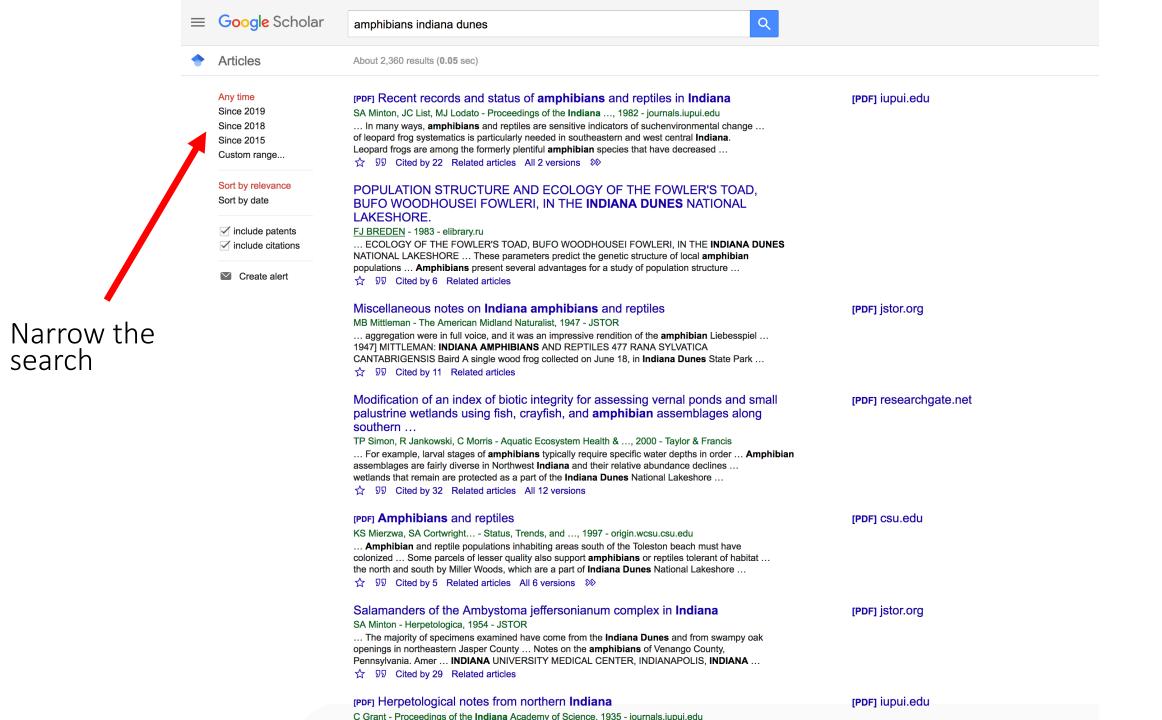
[PDF] researchgate.net

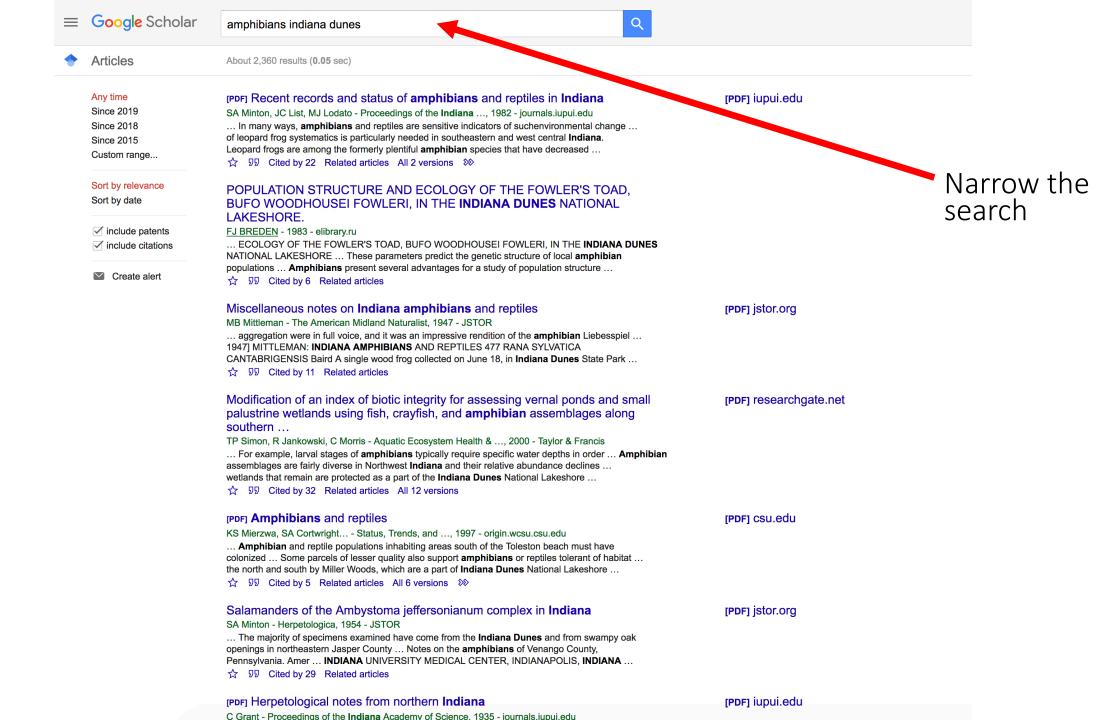
[PDF] csu.edu

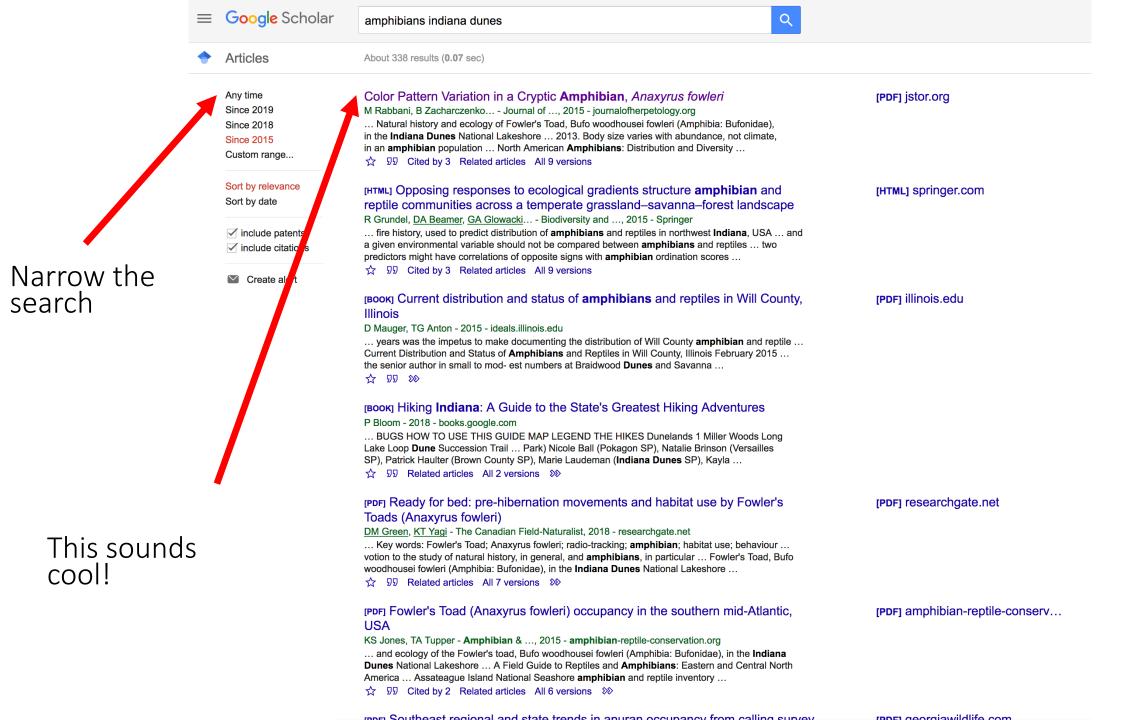
[PDF] istor.org

[PDF] iupui.edu

[PDF] Herpetological notes from northern Indiana









OURNAL HERPETOLOGY









HOME

CONTENT

ABOUT US

AUTHOR INFORMATION

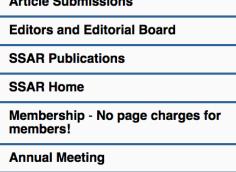
HELP

Quick Search

Home > Journal of Herpetology > December 2015 > Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri...

Advanced Search

Article Submissions Editors and Editorial Board SSAR Publications SSAR Home Membership - No page charges for members! **Annual Meeting**







Article Citation:

Mohamad Rabbani, Brigette Zacharczenko, and David M. Green (2015) Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri. Journal of Herpetology: December 2015, Vol. 49, No. 4, pp. 649-654.

https://doi.org/10.1670/14-114

MORPHOLOGY

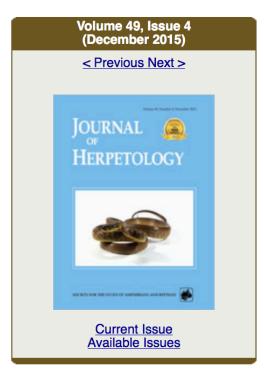
Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri

Mohamad Rabbani¹, Brigette Zacharczenko¹², and David M. Green¹³ Redpath Museum, McGill University, Montréal, Québec, H3A 0C4, Canada

²Present address: Department of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, University of Connecticut, Storrs, Connecticut, USA

³Corresponding Author. E-mail: david.m.green@mcgill.ca

Abstract



Alerts for the Journal

Click here to get an email alert for every new issue of

Journal of Herpetology

JOURNAL
OF
HERPETOLOGY
HOME CONTENT ABOUT US AUTHOR INFORMATION HELP

JOURNAL
HERPETOLOGY
HERPETOLOGY

Quick Search

GO

Quick Search

Advanced Search

You have requested the following content:

Journal of Herpetology
December 2015, Vol. 49, No. 4, pp. 649-654

Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri
Mohamad Rabbani, Brigette Zacharczenko, and David M. Green
https://doi.org/10.1670/14-114

MORPHOLOGY

Abstract

PAYWALL

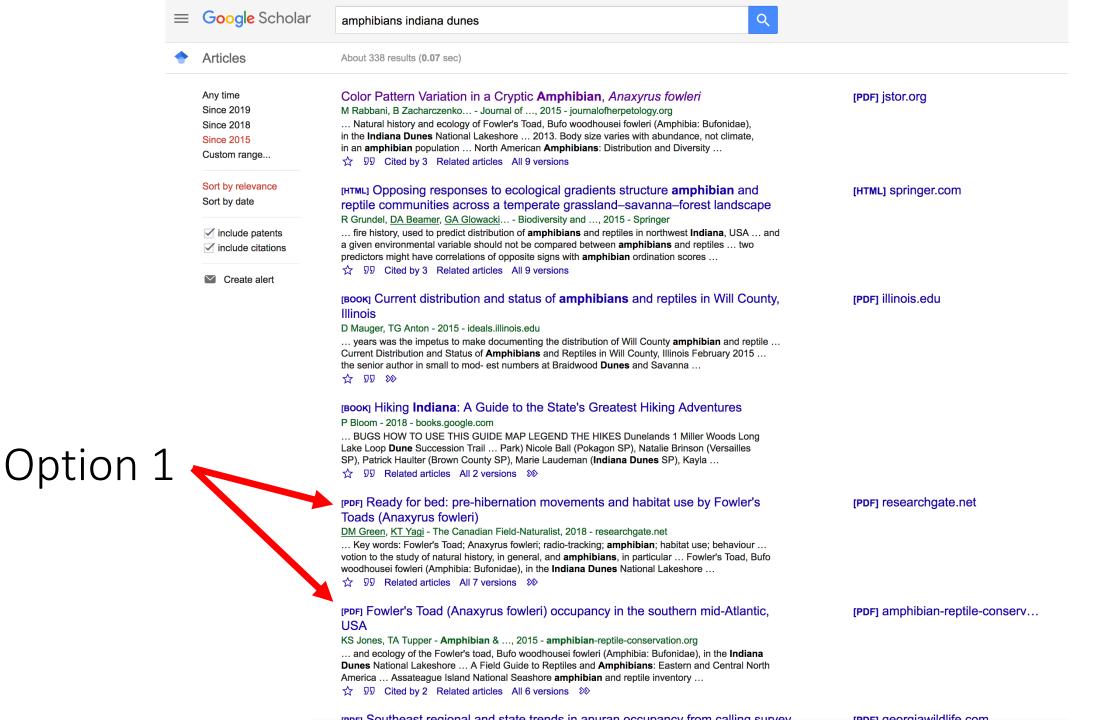
Many species of animals employ camouflage to render them inconspicuous. Selection to precisely match cryptic color patterns to the background substrate should result in geographic variation in relation to substrate type. We tested this premise by examining color pattern variation in relation to substrate surface in Fowler's Toad (*Anaxyrus fowler*), a noxious and cryptically colored amphibian that is widespread in eastern North America and frequently associated with sandy habitats. We quantified total dorsal spot area, number of spots, and size of the four largest dorsal spots among 330 specimens of Fowler's Toads (89 live, 241 preserved) in 14 samples from Canada and the United States. We found no significant difference in the extent or number of spots between males vs. females or between living vs. preserved specimens after compensating for variation in snout—vent length. However, toads from freshwater habitats with extensive areas of open sandy terrain had significantly smaller and fewer dorsal spots than toads from either seacoast localities with open sands present or toads from freshwater habitats with open sands absent. Because saltwater seaside beaches and sand dunes are generally uninhabitable by amphibians, we take this as evidence consistent with the presence of adaptive background pattern matching coloration in this species.

Accepted: December 28, 2014;

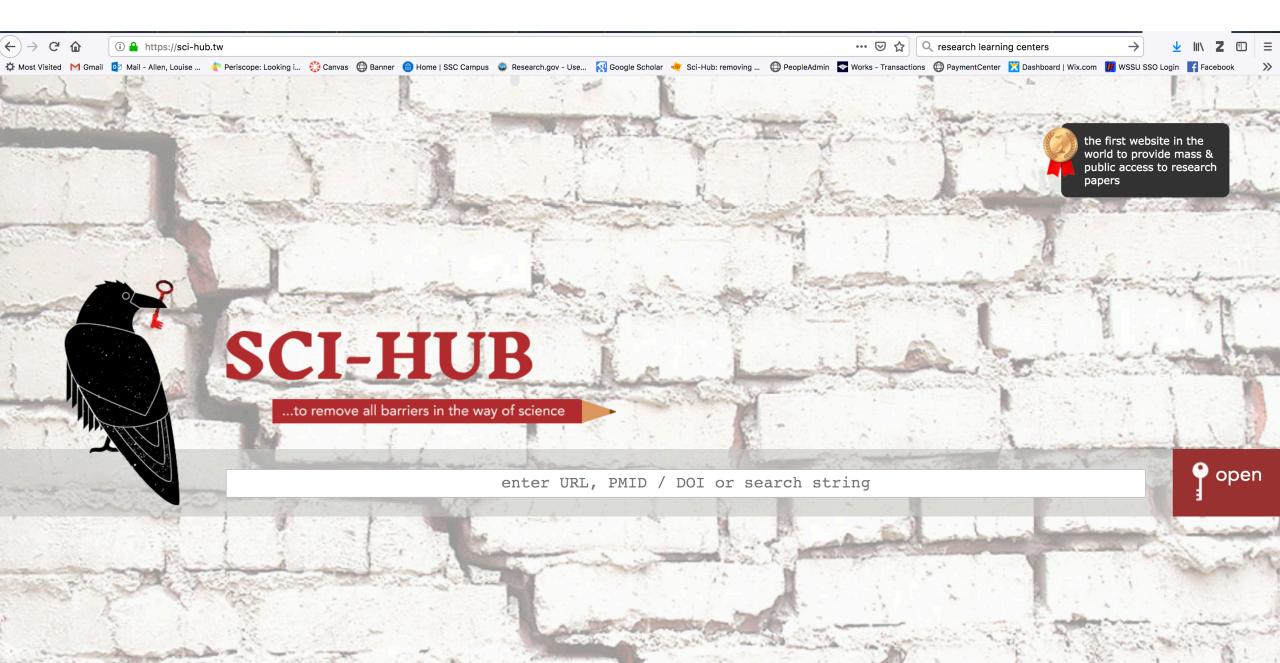
Current Subscribers Login
If you are a returning user with an individual subscription to this content, or if you have purchased this content through Pay Per Article within the past 24 hours, you can gain access logging in with your email address and password below.
Please note, login credentials are case sensitive
Email address:
Password:
☐ Remember me
Login Clear
Forgotten your password? Register
Institution Login
Login via your Institution (Shibboleth) 1. Select a federation from the drop down menu 2. Click "Submit" 3. Select from the list of institutions that will appear below
select a region/group Select

Two options:

Pick another article Find it elsewhere



Option 2



Option 2



Shhhh!



บ reload ‡ save

Rabbani, M., Zacharczenko, B., & Green, D. M. (2015). Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri. Journal of Herpetology, 49(4), 649–654. doi:10.1670/14-114

url to share this paper: sci-hub.tw/10.1670/14-114

Sci-Hub is a project to make knowledge free. support \rightarrow

updates on twitter founder Alexandra Elbakyan



1 of 7

Color Pattern Variation in a Cryptic Amphibian, Anaxyrus fowleri

Author(s): Mohamad Rabbani, Brigette Zacharczenko, and David M. Green

Source: Journal of Herpetology, 49(4):649-654.

Published By: The Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1670/14-114

URL: http://www.bioone.org/doi/full/10.1670/14-114

BioOne (www.bioone.org) is a nonprofit, online aggregation of core research in the biological, ecological, and environmental sciences. BioOne provides a sustainable online platform for over 170 journals and books published by nonprofit societies, associations, museums, institutions, and presses.

+ Automatic Zoom ÷

Your use of this PDF, the BioOne Web site, and all posted and associated content indicates your acceptance of BioOne's Terms of Use, available at www.bioone.org/page/terms_of_use.

Usage of BioOne content is strictly limited to personal, educational, and non-commercial use. Commercial inquiries or rights and permissions requests should be directed to the individual publisher as copyright holder.

How do I find cool science?

IRMA

Research Learning Centers - Research Briefs

Google Scholar

Contact the researcher

Other?



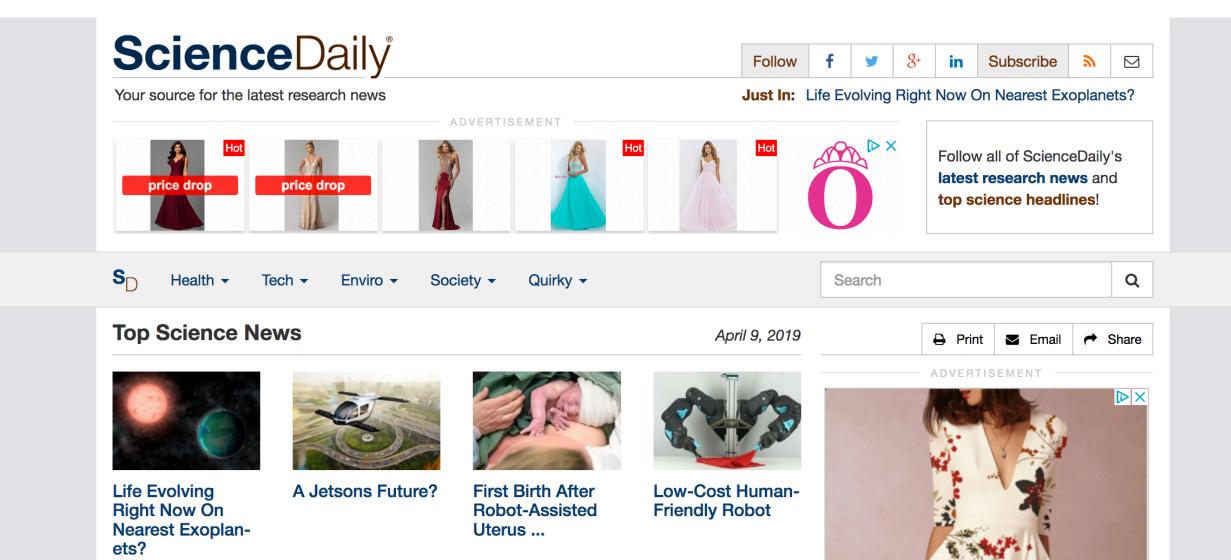
Follow the Research on Social Media



Other options?



Science Daily & other popular science sites



So now what?

Martha sent a worksheet to help you read primary articles for understanding. She also sent an article.

We will all work on the same article and fill in the worksheet together.